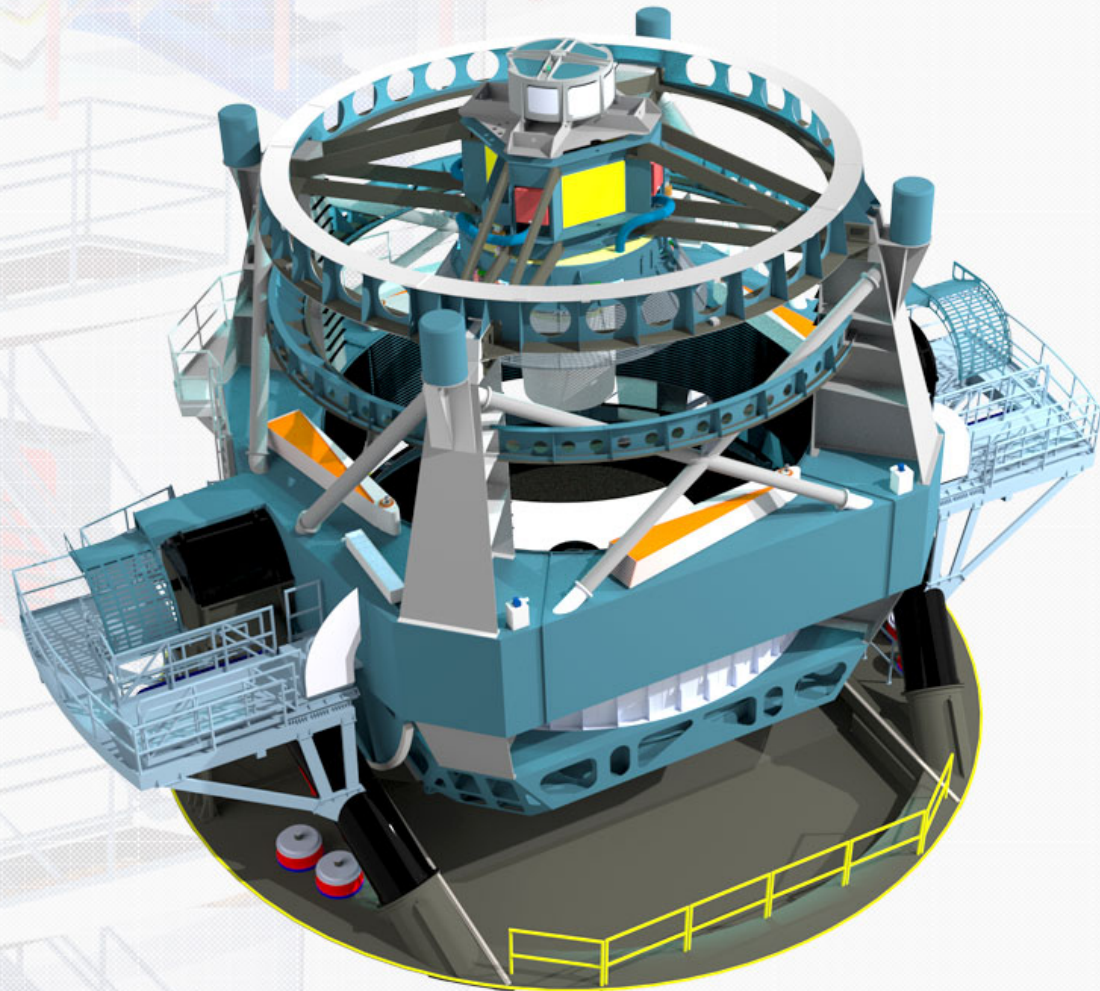


Computing for ngVLA: Lessons from LSST

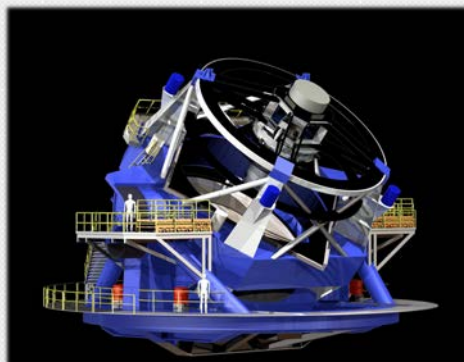
*Jeffrey Kantor,
LSST Data Management Project Manager*



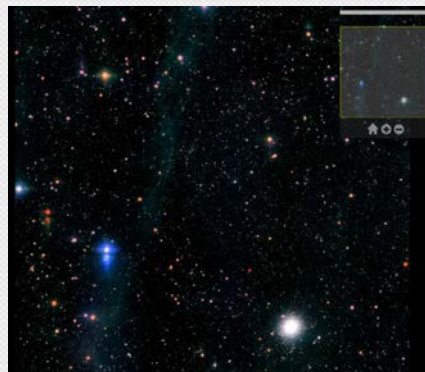
A Dedicated Survey Telescope



- A wide (half the sky), deep (24.5/27.5 mag), fast (image the sky once every 3 days) survey telescope. Beginning in 2022, it will repeatedly image the sky for 10 years.
- The LSST is an integrated survey system. The Observatory, Telescope, Camera and Data Management system are all built to support the LSST survey. There's no PI mode, proposals, or time.
- **The ultimate deliverable of LSST is not the telescope, nor the instruments; it is the fully reduced data.**
 - All science will be come from survey catalogs and images



Telescope



Images



Table 4: Level 2 Catalog Object Table

Name	Type	Unit	Description
psRadeTai	double	time	Point source model: Time at which the object was at position radec .
psPm	float[2]	mas/yr	Point source model: Proper motion vector.
psParallax	float	mas	Point source model: Parallax.
psFlux	float[ugrizy]	nmgy	Point source model fluxes ⁵⁸ .
psCov	float[66]	various	Point-source model covariance matrix ⁵⁹ .
psLnL	float		Natural <i>log</i> likelihood of the observed data given the point source model.
bdRadecc	double[2]	degrees	B+D model ⁶⁰ : (α, δ) position of the object at time radecTai , in each band.

Catalogs



- LSST data, including images and catalogs, will be available with no proprietary period to the astronomical community of the United States, Chile, and International Partners
- Alerts to variable sources (“transient alerts”) will be available world-wide within 60 seconds, using standard protocols
- LSST data processing stack will be free software (licensed under the GPL, v3-or-later)
- **All science will be done by the community (not the Project!), using LSST’s data products.**



- A stream of ~ 10 million time-domain events per night, detected and transmitted to event distribution networks within 60 seconds of observation.
- A catalog of orbits for ~ 6 million bodies in the Solar System.
- A catalog of ~ 37 billion objects (20B galaxies, 17B stars), ~ 7 trillion observations (“sources”), and ~ 30 trillion measurements (“forced sources”), produced annually, accessible through online databases.
- Deep co-added images.
- Services and computing resources at the Data Access Centers to enable user-specified custom processing and analysis.
- Software and APIs enabling development of analysis codes.

Level 1

Level 2

Level 3



Archive Site

Archive Center

Alert Production
Data Release Production (50%)
Calibration Products Production
EPO Infrastructure
Long-term Storage (copy 2)

Data Access Center

Data Access and User Services

Satellite Processing

Center

CC-IN2P3, Lyon, France



Data Release Production (50%)
French DAC

Dedicated Long Haul Networks

Two redundant 100 Gbit links from Santiago to Florida (existing fiber)
Additional 100 Gbit link (spectrum on new fiber) from Santiago – Florida
(Chile and US national links not shown)

HQ Site

Science Operations
Observatory Management
Education and Public Outreach



Summit and Base Sites

Telescope and Camera
Data Acquisition
Crosstalk Correction
Long-term storage (copy 1)
Chilean Data Access Center





*The computing cluster at the **LSST Archive** (at NCSA) will run the processing pipelines.*

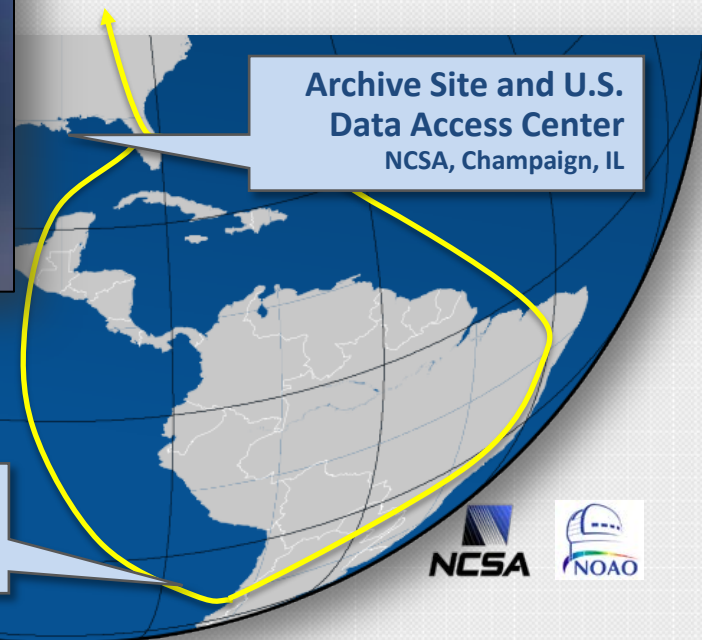
- *Single-user, single-application, dedicated data center*
- *Process images in real-time to detect changes in the sky*
- *Produce annual data releases*

Long Haul Networks to transport data from Chile to the U.S.

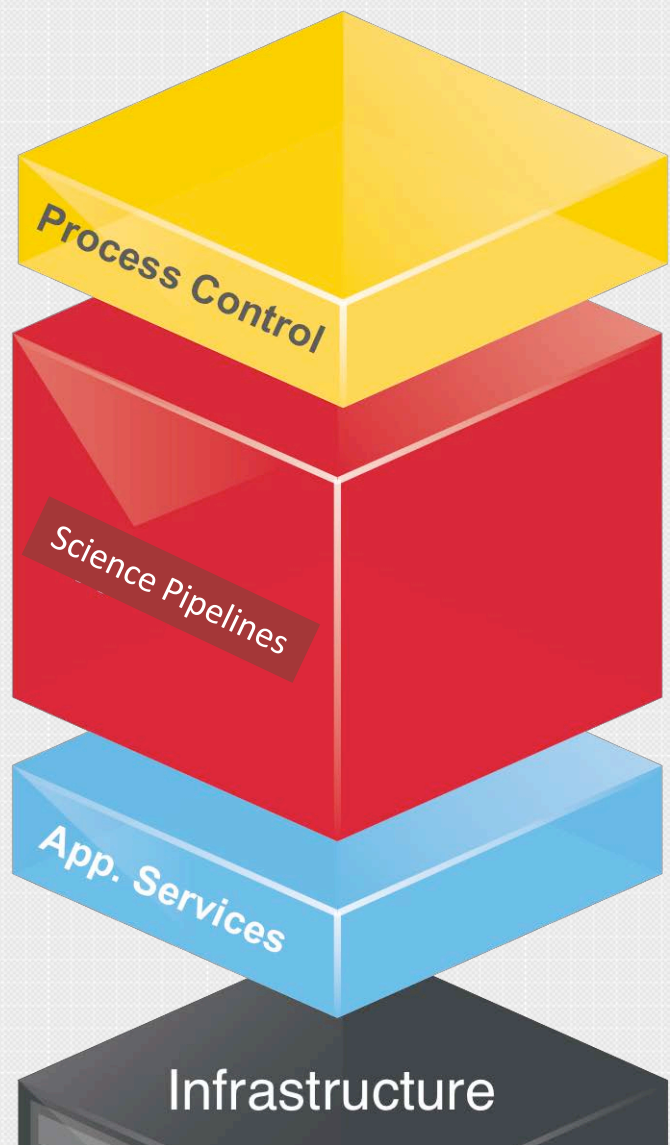
- 200 Gbps from Summit to La Serena (new fiber)
- 2x100 Gbit (minimum) for La Serena to Champaign, IL (protected, existing fiber)

Base Site and Chilean Data Access Center
La Serena, Chile

Archive Site and U.S. Data Access Center
NCSA, Champaign, IL



Science Pipelines: Scientific Core of LSST DM



- *Science Pipelines* carry core scientific algorithms that process or analyze raw LSST data to generate output Data Products
- N.b. also referred to as “Applications”
- Variety of processing
 - Image processing
 - Measurement of source properties
 - Associating sources across space and time, e.g. for tracking solar system objects



Middleware Layer: Isolating Hardware, Orchestrating Software



Enabling execution of science pipelines on hundreds of thousands of cores.

- Frameworks to construct pipelines out of basic algorithmic components
- Orchestration of execution on thousands of cores
- Control and monitoring of the whole DM System

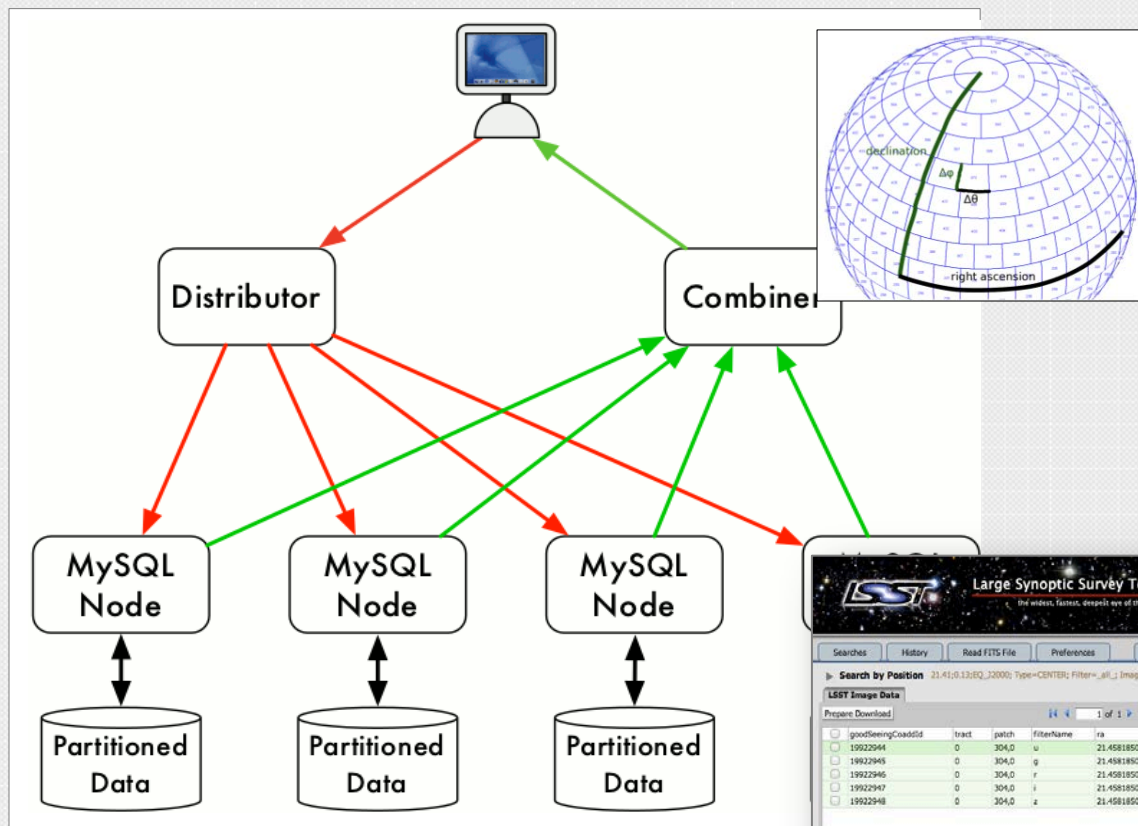


Isolating the science pipelines from details of underlying hardware

- Services used by applications to access/produce data and communicate
- "Common denominator" interfaces handle changing underlying technologies



Database and Science UI: Delivering to Users



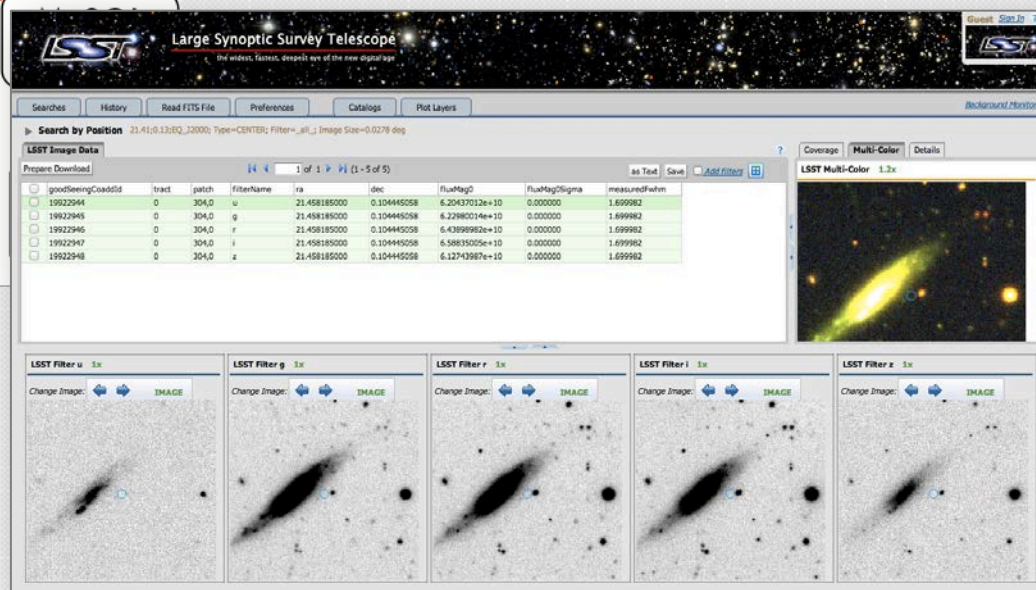
*Massively parallel,
distributed, fault-tolerant
relational database.*

- To be built on existing, robust, well-understood, technologies (MySQL and xrootd)
- Commodity hardware, open source
- Advanced prototype in existence (qserv)

SLAC

*Science User Interface to enable the
access to and analysis of LSST data*

- Web and machine interfaces to LSST databases
- Visualization and analysis capabilities





UI

Database

Core Algorithms (“Apps”)

Middleware

Infrastructure

LSST
Large Synoptic Survey Telescope

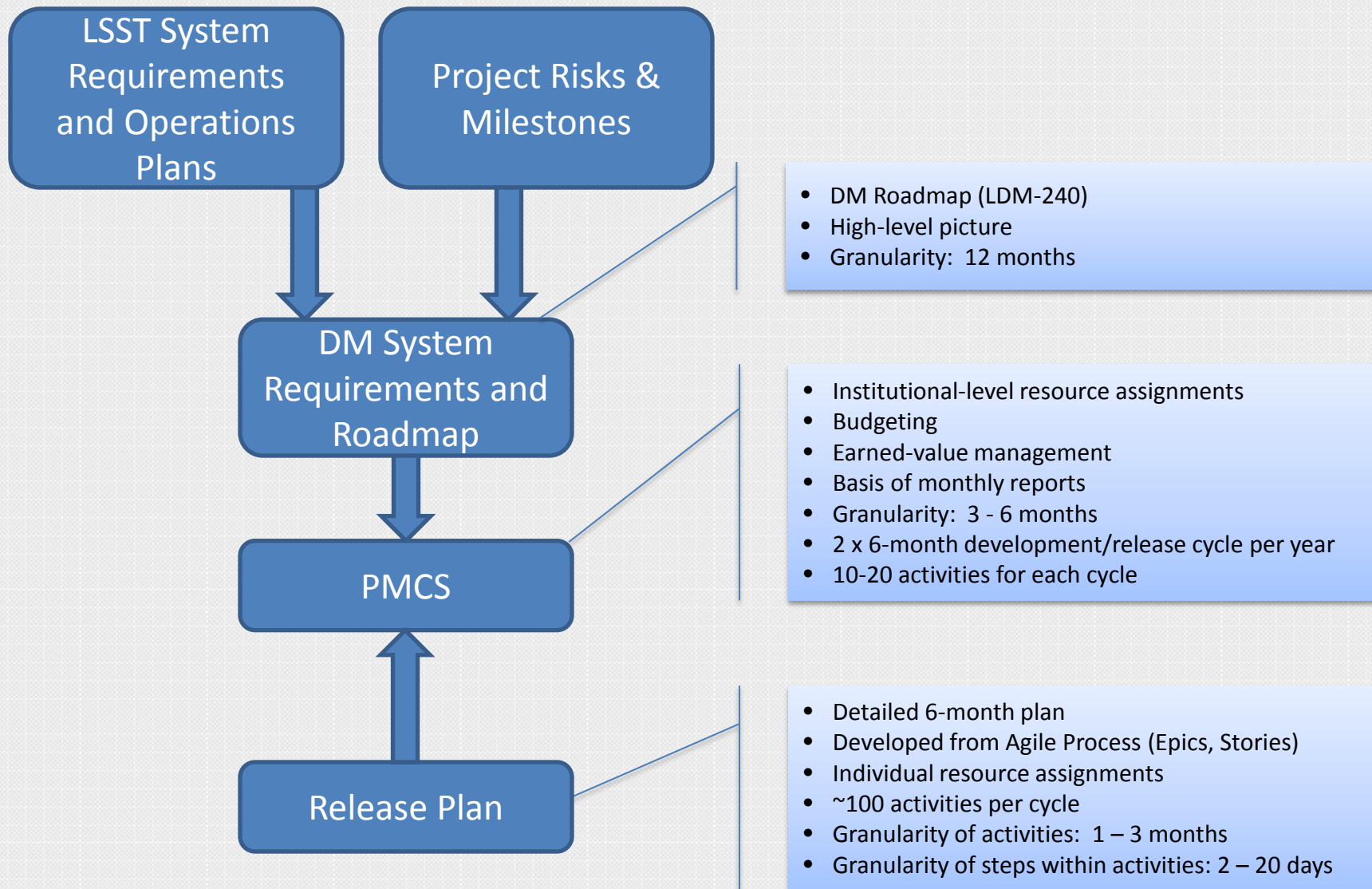
Science QA & Reliability
Engineering (SQuaRE)

Tools and Processes



- Mailing lists, wikis, Confluence, telecons, videocons, ...
- Github
- Jenkins
- JIRA planning and Earned Value
- Licensing and contributions
- Investigating Slack and Discourse

Data Management Planning Process/Levels



LSST Software Development Roadmap (LDM-240)



LSST Data Management Software Development Roadmap								
Release	Institution	R4.0	R5.0/5.1	R6.0/6.1	R7.0/7.1	R8.0/8.1 - #1 Release for ComCam	R9.0/9.1 - #2 Release for ComCam	R10.0/10.1 - LSST Camera
Finish Date		8/31/14	8/31/15	8/31/16	8/31/17	8/31/18	8/31/19	8/31/20
Year during which work is done		FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20
02C.03.01 Single Frame Processing Pipelines	University of Washington		← Feature Implementation →			← Performance Improvement →		
			Source detection and measurement of PSF flux, aperture flux, adaptive moments	WCS terms needed to describe distortions at edges of chips and near the bloom stop				
			WCS determination module capable of fitting WCS to multiple CCDs at a time (in a single visit).	Astrometric registration of a stack of images.	Recognition and retention of trails (moving objects) in visit creation			
			Snap processing, CR detection and removal	Pixel-level intensity-dependent PSF correction	ISR functional with as-built CCD and raft characteristics (based on characterization of sensor/raft prototypes)			
			Improved sky background estimation	Multi-CCD sky background determination	Measurement functional with as-built CCD and raft characteristics.			
02C.03.02 Association Pipeline	University of Washington		Preliminary deblender	Cross-talk removal	Fringe removal			
						Association of DIASources to DIAObjects		
02C.03.03 Alert Generation Pipeline	University of Washington	Source association and matching refactor				Association of DIAObjects with Objects	Scalability and speed satisfy transient alert latency requirement	
							Transient Alert Packet creation and transmission capability	Scalability and speed satisfy transient alert latency requirement
							Initial implementation of simple Event Broker	Full implementation of simple Event Broker, ability to receive and broker events under expected event and user load.
							Selection criteria and strategy for building templates	
				Source detection on difference images using	artifacts (e.g., bright stars or ghosts)	Spuriousness metric	Forced photometry on	

- Major axes are 12-month cycles x WBS
- Cells represent milestones/major results
- Cells to left are predecessors to cells to the right

<http://ls.st/lDM-240>

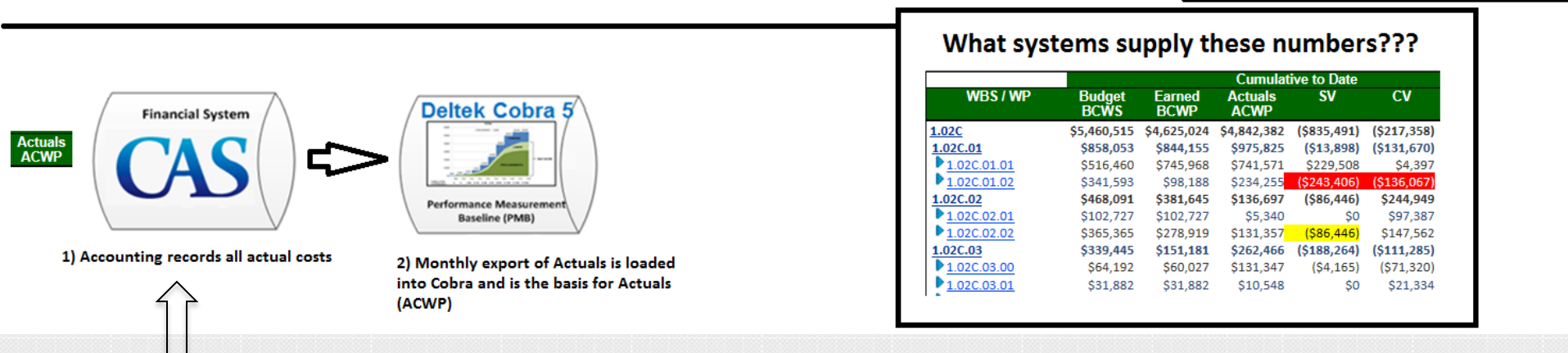
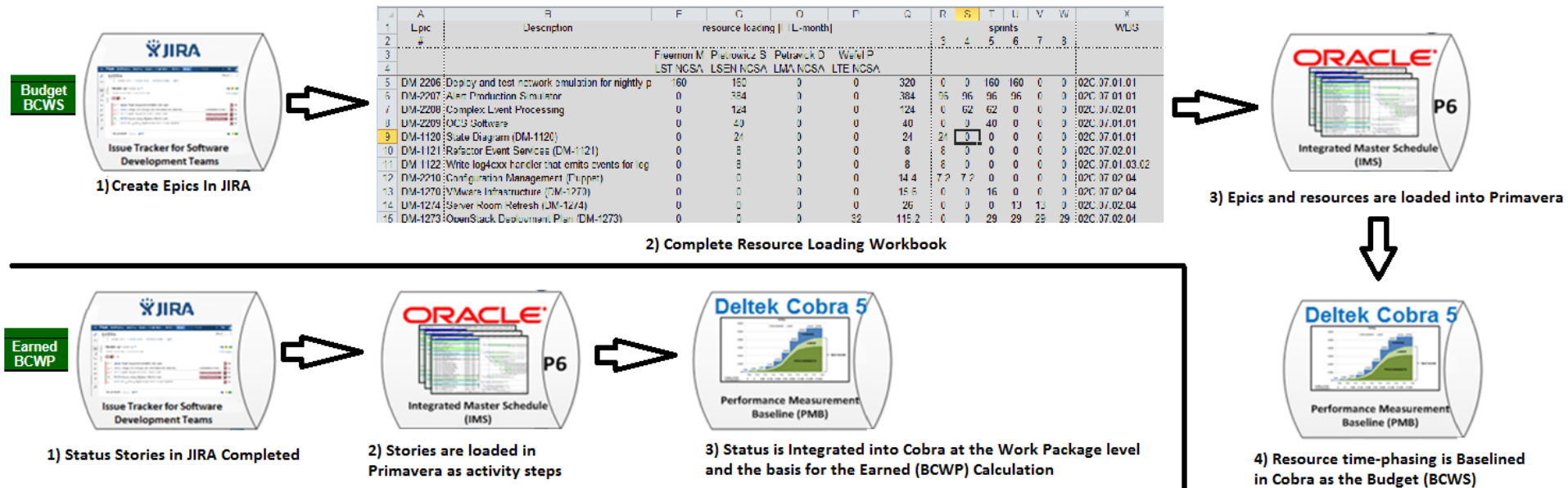
LDM-240 DM Key Performance Metrics



LSST Data Management Key Performance Metrics										
Release	Unit	Contributing Elements	R4.0	R5.0/5.1	R6.0/6.1	R7.0/7.1	R8.0/8.1 - #1 Release for ComCam	R9.0/9.1 - #2 Release for ComCam	R10.0/10.1 - LSST Camera	Operational Readiness
Elapsed time (years)			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Finish Date			8/31/2014	8/31/2015	8/31/2016	8/31/2017	8/31/2018	8/31/2019	8/31/2020	
Year during which work is done			FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	
Photometric repeatability										
procCalRep	mmag	SFM	15	13	10	5	5		4	3.5
PA1qri	mmag	SFM, CPP, PhotoCal	15	13	12	8	8		6	5.5
PA1uzy	mmag	SFM, CPP, PhotoCal	15	13	14	12	12		8	7.5
Photometric Spatial Uniformity										
PA3u	mmag	PhotoCal					40		30	20
PA3 (q)	mmag	PhotoCal					30		15	10
PA3 (y)	mmag	PhotoCal					30		15	10
Color Zero-point Accuracy										
PA5	mmag	PhotoCal					30		20	10
PA5u	mmag	PhotoCal					50		30	15
Absolute Photometry Accuracy										
PA6	mas	PhotoCal							30	20
Relative Astrometry										
AM1	mas	SFM, ObjChar	80	60			30		20	15
AM2	mas	SFM, ObjChar	80	60			30		20	15
AM3	mas	SFM, ObjChar, AstroCal	100							
AB1	mas	SFM, ObjChar, AstroCal								
Absolute Astrometry										
AA1	mas	AstroCal								
Residual PSF Ellipticity Correlations										
TE1	-	PsfEst, ObjChar, Coadd								
TE2	-	PsfEst, ObjChar, Coadd								
Moving Object Linkage Efficiency										
orbitCompleteness	%	MOPS								
Spuriousness Metric Efficiency										
transCompletenessMin	%	Diffim								
transPurityMin	%	Diffim								
mopsCompletenessMin	%	Diffim								
mopsPurityMin	%	Diffim								
Computational Performance Metrics										
OTT1	seconds	All AP Pipelines + MW + Infra		240	240	240	180	120	90	60
AP computational budget	TFLOPS	All AP Pipelines + MW		231	193	154	77	58	58	39
DRP computational budget (DR1)	TFLOPS	All DRP+AP Pipelines		645	215	161	151	129	108	108
LV query rate	simult. queries	qserv		50	50	50	70	80	100	100
LV query response time	seconds	qserv		18	15	12	12	12	10	10
HV shared scan duration	hours	qserv		24	24	20	18	14	12	12
HV simultaneous queries	queries	qserv		6	6	6	8	10	12	12
System Reliability Metrics										
sciVisitAlertDelay	%	All AP Pipelines						10	5	1
sciVisitAlertFailure	%	All AP Pipelines						2	0.5	0.1
sciImageLoss	%	Image and File Archive						2	1	1

- Major axes are 12-month cycles x metric
- Cells represent planned achievement of metric
- Progressively increasing performance from left to right
- SRD minimum spec is met first, then design spec, then (if applicable) stretch

EV Data Flow



Institution Invoice and
WBS/Account Breakout

Roadmap



- 2016: Finish end-to-end, start refining components, developer multipliers, run easily on precursor data
- 2017: Reprocess DES, continuous simulated Alert Production
- 2018: Ready for ComCam
- 2019: Ready for full Camera
- 2020: Ready for Science Verification

Team Culture (emphasis added, truncated)



The ***LSST DM community includes LSST-paid staff at multiple institutions and external contributors*** from around the world. We have built a strong team that collaborates well. As we hire new people, we want to make sure we are maintaining a healthy, supportive, productive culture. While ***culture is best transmitted by daily example***, having some formal standards for conduct can aid newcomers and reinforce good patterns.

Since LSST is an AURA center, the ***AURA standards of workplace conduct*** provide a starting point. As stated there, we in DM dedicate ourselves to fostering a ***civil and inclusive community characterized by mutual respect for the contributions of all individuals***. As a community, we embrace the values in that document, in addition to any ***local institutional standards***.

Lessons Learned



- AURA/LSST is in many ways a completely new entity, with inherent start-up activities
 - Hiring has been slow, particularly for lead roles
 - Team is not yet developing at maximum productivity
 - It is hard to mesh scientists, managers, and engineers on one team
 - Algorithmic progress is hard to measure and even harder to predict
 - Architectures are evolving rapidly: e.g. Cloud, AstroPy, Hadoop ecosystem
 - It is hard to balance technical priorities, trading off between performance/scale versus adaptability and usability
-
- Reorganize work with delayed staffing, relieve current leads of less-critical tasks
 - Focus on developer multipliers
 - Establish team culture and norms
 - Focus on "end-to-end" system
 - Document design path and replan
 - Track new architectures, maintain portability
 - Make sure we don't accumulate too much "technical debt"