

Linear Polarization Calibration at 1.4 GHz

A Consistency Check between CASA and MIRIAD

Data Specification

KAT-7 Continuum Observation of 3C286 at 1.4 GHz

Data acknowledgment: Lindsay Magnus, Maik Wolleben (South Africa SKA)

Antenna = 7

Diameter= 12 m

Primary Beam ~ 1 degree

Synthesized Beam ~ 4 arcmin

MeerKAT L-band (0.95 – 1.65 GHz)

Frequency Range for this observation ~ 1.20 – 1.60 GHz

1 Spw, 1024 Channel

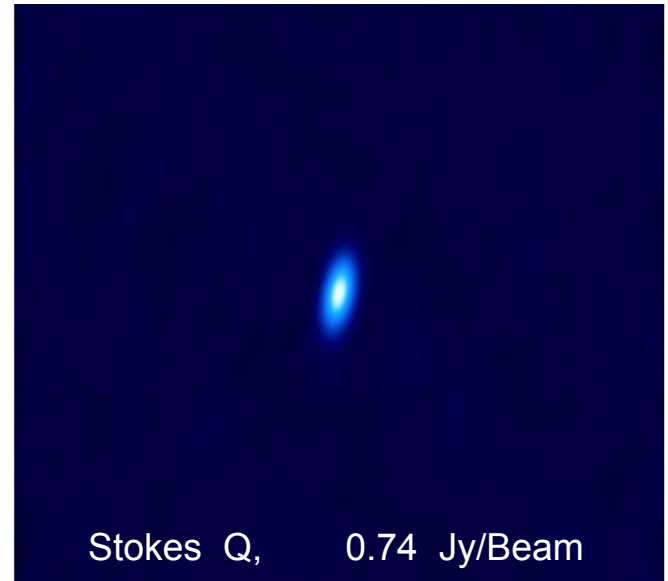
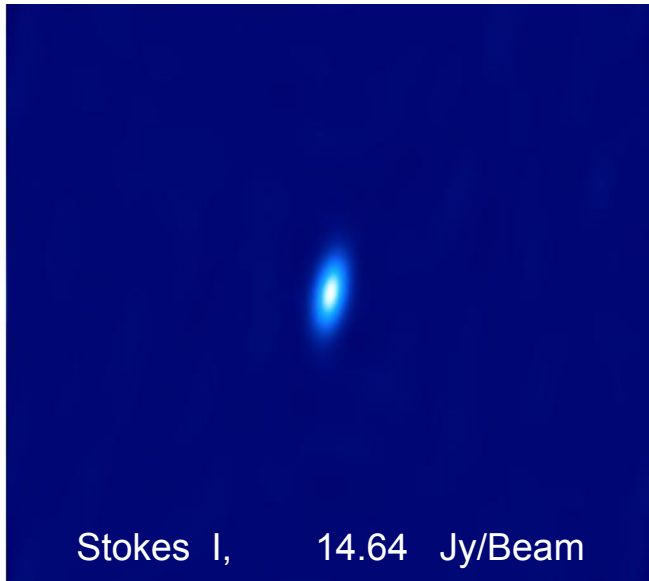
Bandwidth= 400 MHz

Channel width ~ 0.40 MHz

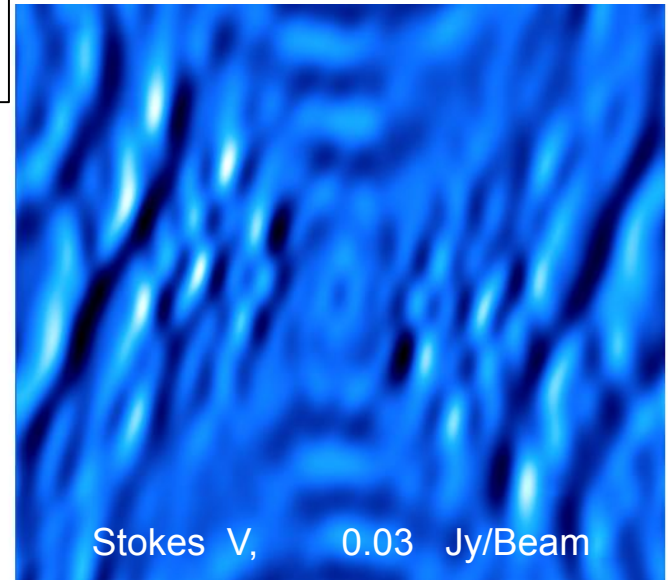
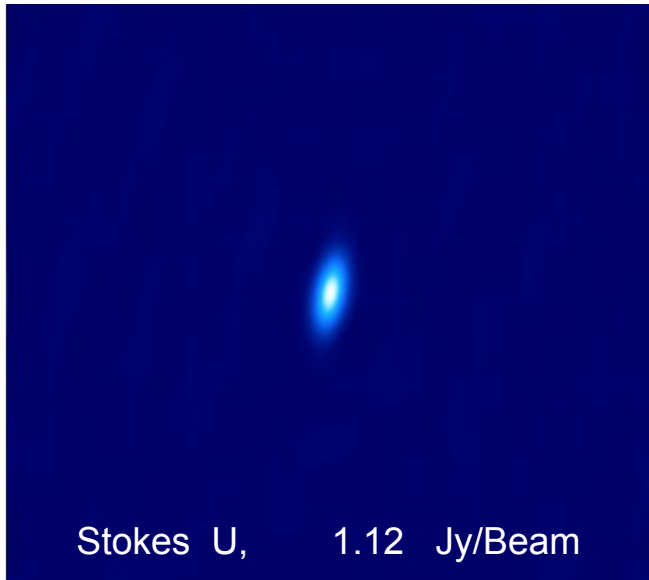
Good parallactic angle coverage ~ 90 deg

(Note: work on JVLA P-band linear polarization is in progress)

MIRIAD
CARMA Version



```
invert,clean,restor  
mfs,mosaic,fft, uniform  
psfmode=clark  
niter=500
```



CASA



Stokes I, 14.86 Jy/Beam



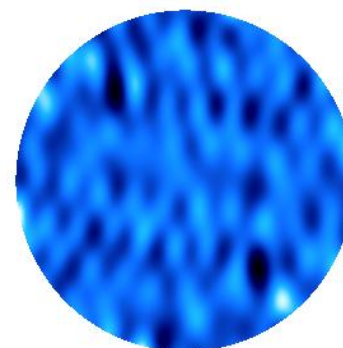
Stokes Q, 0.77 Jy/Beam

```
clean
mode = mfs
psfmode=clarkstokes

imagermode=mosaic
ft, uniform, niter=500
```



Stokes U, 1.17 Jy/Beam



Stokes V, 0.01 Jy/Beam

Conclusion: So far, Its good

For L-band linear polarization of 3C286, both CASA and MIRIAD give consistent results

It will be an interesting exercise to observe a strongly polarized source at P-band and repeat the exercise

CASA linear polarization calibration package is moving towards the direction where most of the loosely connected tasks will be incorporated into one method

